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**Installation**

Flask-IIIF is on PyPI so all you need is:

```
$ pip install flask-iiif
```

The development version can be downloaded from its page at GitHub.

```
$ git clone https://github.com/inveniosoftware/flask-iiif.git
$ cd flask-iiif
$ python setup.py develop
$ ./run-tests.sh
```

**Requirements**

Flask-IIIF has the following dependencies:

- Flask
- blinker
- six

Flask-IIIF requires Python version 2.6, 2.7 or 3.3+

**Quickstart**

This part of the documentation will show you how to get started in using Flask-IIIF with Flask.

This guide assumes that you have successfully installed Flask-IIIF and that you have a working understanding of Flask framework. If not, please follow the installation steps and read about Flask at [http://flask.pocoo.org/docs/](http://flask.pocoo.org/docs/).

**A Minimal Example**

A minimal Flask-IIIF usage example looks like this.

First, let’s create the application and initialise the extension:

```python
from flask import Flask, session, redirect
from flask_iiif import IIIF
app = Flask("myapp")
ext = IIIF(app=app)
```

Second, let’s create Flask-RESTful api instance and register image resource.

```python
from flask_restful import Api
api = Api(app=app)
ext.init_restful(api)
```

**Configuration**

IIIF configuration.
flask_iiif.config.**IIIF_CACHE_HANDLER**
Add the preferred cache adaptor.

**See also:**
*ImageCache*

flask_iiif.config.**IIIF_CACHE_TIME**
How much time the image would be cached.

flask_iiif.config.**IIIF_QUALITIES**
The supported image qualities.

**See also:**
*IIIF Image API*

flask_iiif.config.**IIIF_CONVERTERS**
The supported image converters.

flask_iiif.config.**IIIF_VALIDATIONS**
The IIIF Image API validation.

**See also:**
*IIIF Image API v1 and IIIF Image API v2*

flask_iiif.config.**IIIF_API_INFO_RESPONSE_SKELETON**
Information request document for the image.

**See also:**
*IIIF Image API v1 Information request and IIIF Image API v2 Information request*

### API

This documentation section is automatically generated from Flask-IIIF source code.

### Flask-IIIF

Multimedia Image API.

```python
from flask_iiif.api import IIIFImageAPIWrapper
image = IIIFImageAPIWrapper.from_file(path)
image.apply_api(version=version, region=region, size=size, rotation=rotation)
```

1.4. **API**
Note:

- If the version is not specified it will fallback to version 2.0.
- Please note the `validate_api()` should be run before `apply_api()`.

```python
apply_quality(value)
IIIF apply quality.
Apply `quality()`.
```

```python
apply_region(value)
IIIF apply crop.
Apply `crop()`.
```

```python
apply_rotate(value)
IIIF apply rotate.
Apply `rotate()`.
```

```python
apply_size(value)
IIIF apply resize.
Apply `resize()`.
```

```python
classmethod open_image(source)
Create an `MultimediaImage` instance.

Parameters

- **source** (`BytesIO` object) – The image image string
- **source_type** (`str`) – the type of data

Returns a `MultimediaImage` instance
```

```python
static validate_api(**kwargs)
Validate IIIF Image API.
Example to validate the IIIF API:
```
```python
from flask_iiif.api import IIIFImageAPIWrapper

IIIFImageAPIWrapper.validate_api(
    version=version,
    region=region,
    size=size,
    rotation=rotation,
    quality=quality,
    image_format=image_format
)
```

Note: If the version is not specified it will fallback to version 2.0.
class flask_iiif.api.MultimediaImage(image)

Multimedia Image API.

Initializes an image api with IIIF standards. You can:

• Resize `resize()`.
• Crop `crop()`.
• Rotate `rotate()`.
• Change image quality `quality()`.

Example of editing an image and saving it to disk:

```python
from flask_iiif.api import MultimediaImage

image = IIIFImageAPIWrapper.from_file(path)
# Rotate the image
image.rotate(90)
# Resize the image
image.resize('300,200')
# Crop the image
image.crop('20,20,400,300')
# Make the image black and white
image.quality('grey')
# Finally save it to /tmp
image.save('/tmp')
```

Example of serving the modified image over http:

```python
from flask import current_app, Blueprint
from flask_iiif.api import MultimediaImage

@blueprint.route('/serve/<string:uuid>/<string:size>')</def serve_thumbnail(uuid, size):
    """Serve the image thumbnail."
    # Initialize the image with the uuid
    path = current_app.extensions['iiif'].uuid_to_path(uuid)
    image = IIIFImageAPIWrapper.from_file(path)
    # Resize it
    image.resize(size)
    # Serve it
    return send_file(image.serve(), mimetype='image/jpeg')
```

crop(coordinates)

Crop the image.

Parameters coordinates (str) — The coordinates to crop the image

Note:

• `coordinates` must have the following pattern:
  – ‘x,y,w,h’: in pixels.
  – ‘pct:x,y,w,h’: percentage.
**classmethod from_file**(path)
Return the image object from the given path.

**Parameters**
- **path** (*str*) – The absolute path of the file

**Returns**
a *MultimediaImage* instance

**classmethod from_string**(source)
Create an *MultimediaImage* instance.

**Parameters**
- **source** (*BytesIO object*) – the image string

**Returns**
a *MultimediaImage* instance

**static percent_to_number**(number)
Calculate the percentage.

**quality**(quality)
Change the image format.

**Parameters**
- **quality** (*str*) – The image quality should be in (default, grey, bitonal, color)

**Note:** The library supports transformations between each supported mode and the “L” and “RGB” modes.
To convert between other modes, you may have to use an intermediate image (typically an “RGB” image).

**static reduce_by**(nominally, dominator)
Calculate the ratio.

**resize**(dimensions, resample=None)
Resize the image.

**Parameters**
- **dimensions** (*str*) – The dimensions to resize the image
- **resample** (*PIL.Image algorithm*) – The algorithm to be used

**Note:**
- *dimensions* must be one of the following:
  - ‘w’ : The exact width, height will be calculated.
  - ‘h’ : The exact height, width will be calculated.
  - ‘pct:n’ : Image percentage scale.
  - ‘w,h’ : The exact width and height.
  - ‘!w,h’ : Best fit for the given width and height.

**rotate**(degrees, mirror=False)
Rotate the image by given degrees.

**Parameters**
- **degrees** (*float*) – The degrees, should be in range of [0, 360]
- **mirror** (*bool*) – Flip image from left to right
static sanitize_format_name (value)  
Lowercase formats and make sure that jpg is written as jpeg.

save (path, image_format='jpeg', quality=90)  
Store the image to the specific path.

  Parameters
  
  • path (str) – absolute path
  • image_format (str) – (gif, jpeg, pdf, png, tif)
  • quality (int) – The image quality; [1, 100]

Note: image_format = jpg will not be recognized by PIL.Image and it will be changed to jpeg.

serve (image_format='png', quality=90)  
Return a BytesIO object to easily serve it thought HTTP.

  Parameters
  
  • image_format (str) – (gif, jpeg, pdf, png, tif)
  • quality (int) – The image quality; [1, 100]

Note: image_format = jpg will not be recognized by PIL.Image and it will be changed to jpeg.

size ()  
Return the current image size.

  Returns  the image size

class flask_iiif.api.MultimediaObject  
The Multimedia Object.

Cache

Abstract simple cache definition.

All cache adaptors must at least implement get () and set () methods.

class flask_iiif.cache.cache.ImageCache  
Abstract cache layer.

  delete (key)  
  Delete the specific key.

  flush ()  
  Flush the cache.

  get (key)  
  Return the key value.

        Parameters  key (string) – the object’s key

  set (key, value, timeout=None)  
  Cache the object.

        Parameters

  • key (string) – the object’s key
• **value** *(StringIO.StringIO object)* – the stored object

• **timeout** *(int)* – the cache timeout in seconds

    **timeout**
    Return default timeout from config.

Implement a simple cache.

```python
class flask_iiif.cache.simple.ImageSimpleCache
    Simple image cache.
    
def delete(key)
        Delete the specific key.
    
def flush()
        Flush the cache.
    
def get(key)
        Return the key value.
        
        **Parameters**
        :param key: *(string)* – the object’s key
        :type key: string
        
        **Returns**
        the stored object
        
        **Return type**
        BytesIO object
    
def set(key, value, timeout=None)
        Cache the object.
        
        **Parameters**
        :param key: *(string)* – the object’s key
        :param value: *(BytesIO object)* – the stored object
        :param timeout: *(int)* – the cache timeout in seconds
```

**RESTful**

Multimedia IIIF Image API.

```python
class flask_iiif.restful.IIIFImageAPI
    IIIF API Implementation.
```

**Note:**

• IIIF IMAGE API v1.0
  
  – For more infos please visit <http://iiif.io/api/image/>.

• IIIF Image API v2.0
  
  – For more infos please visit <http://iiif.io/api/image/2.0/>.

• The API works only for GET requests

• The image process must follow strictly the following workflow:
  
  – Region
  
  – Size
  
  – Rotation
  
  – Quality
Flask-IIIF Documentation, Release 0.3.1

```python
get (version, uuid, region, size, rotation, quality, image_format)
```

Run IIIF Image API workflow.

```python
class flask_iiif.restful.IIIFImageBase
    IIIF Image Base.
    get (version, uuid)
    Get IIIF Image Base.
```

Note: It will redirect to `iiifimageinfo` endpoint with status code 303.

```python
class flask_iiif.restful.IIIFImageInfo
    IIIF Image Info.
    get (*args, **kwargs)
    Get IIIF Image Info.
```

Changes

Here you can see the full list of changes between each Flask-IIIF release.

Version 0.3.1 (released 2017-08-18)

- Deployment changes.

Version 0.3.0 (released 2017-08-17)

- New features
  - Adds TIFF image support to the default config.
  - Adds proper GIF resize.
  - Adds optional Redis cache.
- Notes
  - Minimum Pillow version is update to 3.4.

Version 0.2.0 (released 2015-05-22)

- Incompatible changes
  - Removes `uuid_to_path_handler` callback.
  - Updates error classes names (MultimediaImageResizeError and MultimediaImageCropError).
- New features
  - Adds image information request endpoint `<uuid>/info.json` which contains available metadata for the image, such as the full height and width, and the functionality available for the image, such as the formats in which it may be retrieved, and the IIIF profile used.
– Adds new signals to REST API that permits to have access before and after process of the request as well as after the validation of IIIF.
– Adds a configurable decorator to the REST API which can be configure with the \texttt{api\_decorator\_handler}.
– Adds the \texttt{uuid\_to\_image\_opener\_handler} which can handle both \texttt{fullpath} and \texttt{bytestream} as source.

\begin{itemize}
  \item Improved features
    \begin{itemize}
    \item Improves the initialisation of the REST API by adding a possibility to override the default API prefix \texttt{/api/multimedia/image/}.
    \item Adds better testing cases and increases the overall test efficiency.
    \end{itemize}
  \end{itemize}

\begin{itemize}
  \item Notes
    \begin{itemize}
    \item The decorator can be used to restrict access to the REST API.
    \end{itemize}
  \end{itemize}

\section*{Version 0.1.0 (released 2015-04-28)}

\begin{itemize}
  \item Initial public release.
  \end{itemize}

\section*{Contributing}

Bug reports, feature requests, and other contributions are welcome. If you find a demonstrable problem that is caused by the code of this library, please:

\begin{enumerate}
  \item Search for \texttt{already reported problems}.
  \item Check if the issue has been fixed or is still reproducible on the latest \texttt{master} branch.
  \item Create an issue with \texttt{a test case}.
\end{enumerate}

If you create a feature branch, you can run the tests to ensure everything is operating correctly:

\begin{verbatim}
$ ./run-tests.sh
\end{verbatim}

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